

BLUFF AND BEACH FAILURES

Exposed Infrastructure

An old pipe that has been exposed by beach erosion.
Photo: Ethan Theuerkauf



Loss of Vegetation

A sandy bluff has some remaining vegetation mats securing the slope surface. Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer.



Ground Cracks

Horizontal ground cracks at the top of the bluff that preceded a slope failure. Photo: Gene Clark



Surface Water Drainage Rills or Gullies

Rills on a bluff face caused by surface water drainage down the slope. Photo: Hannah Paulson



Groundwater Seepage

Evidence of groundwater draining through slope of bluff face. Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer



Curved Vegetation

Trees with curved trunks that are concave in the upslope direction. Photo: Adam Bechle



Toe Erosion (Bank)

Toe Erosion on a sandy bank. Photo: Adam Bechle



Toe Erosion (Dune)

Toe erosion on a dune marked by loss of vegetation. Photo: Adam Bechle



Slides or Slumps

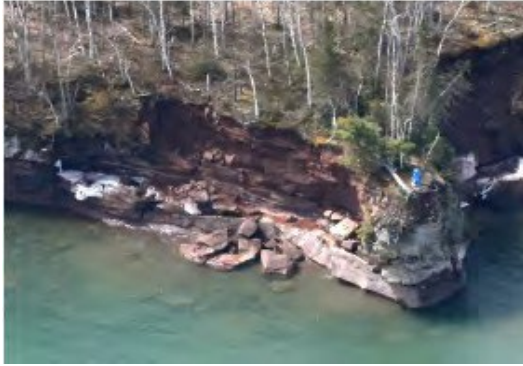
A deep slump in sandy, mixed material bluff. Photo: PA Dept of Env Protection



ROCK BLUFF FAILURES

Fallen Debris, Exposed face

Debris piles and an exposed rock face indicate progressed erosion.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer



Overhanging Vegetation

Overhanging and fallen trees and cracks in the rock face show evidence of failure on the bluff top.
Photo: Anne Iwata, Wisconsin Coastal



Structural Crack

Major cracks indicate a weak point in the rock bluff.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer



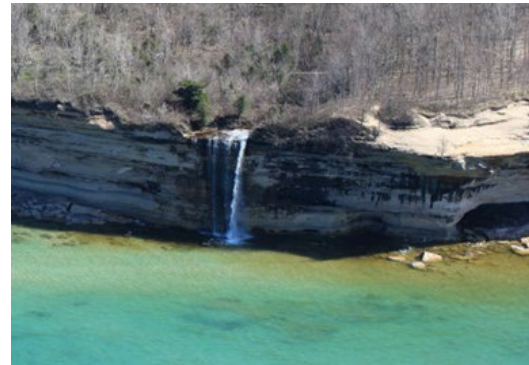
Toe Undercutting

The toe of this bluff is starting to be undercut leaving an unsupported overhang.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer.



Surface Water

Surface water flows over the bluff edge eroding carving out a small channel.
Photo: Michigan Tech, EGLE



Freeze/Thaw Cycles

Water percolates into cracks, freezes, and expands creating instability.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer.



Groundwater Seepage

Darkened areas in the clay cap over the bedrock bluff can indicate slope stability issues.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer.



Deep Cracks

Major cracks spanning height of the rock face can indicate an imminent failure.
Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer



Rockslide

Large fallen rock debris shows evidence of a rock slide.
Photo: Michigan Tech, EGLE



INFRASTRUCTURE FAILURES

Wave Overtopping

Overtopping of this revetment has led to erosion on the back side of the armor stone. Photo: Adam Bechle



Revetment Settling

Revetment stone has slid lakeward lowering the crest height. Photo: Adam Bechle



Unsuitable Materials

Flat pieces of concrete rubble do not interlock well and may be easily moved by strong waves. Photo: Adam Bechle



Roadway Washout

A road along Lake Superior is near failure from erosion. Photo: Rob Peterson



Breakwall washout

Breakwall flooding during high water levels. Photo: City of Conneaut



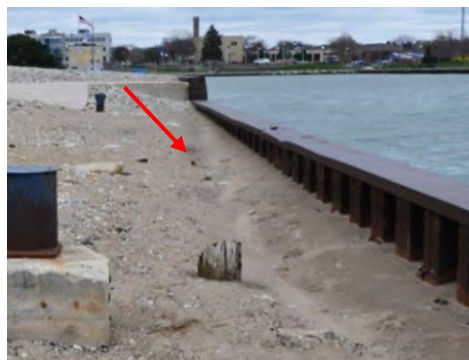
Overtopping resulting in a slide

High water overtopped this sea wall triggering an erosion slide. Photo: Toledo Bend Cabins



Overtopping resulting in scouring

Waves overtop a seawall and scour sediments and washout all vegetation. Photo: Adam Bechle



Cracked Seawall

Cracks and separations in the concrete cap of this sea wall. Photo: Biller Reinhart Engineering



Flanking

The Oak Creek Water Intake Structure with erosion flanking (redcircle). Photo: Wisconsin Shoreline Inventory and Oblique Photo Viewer

